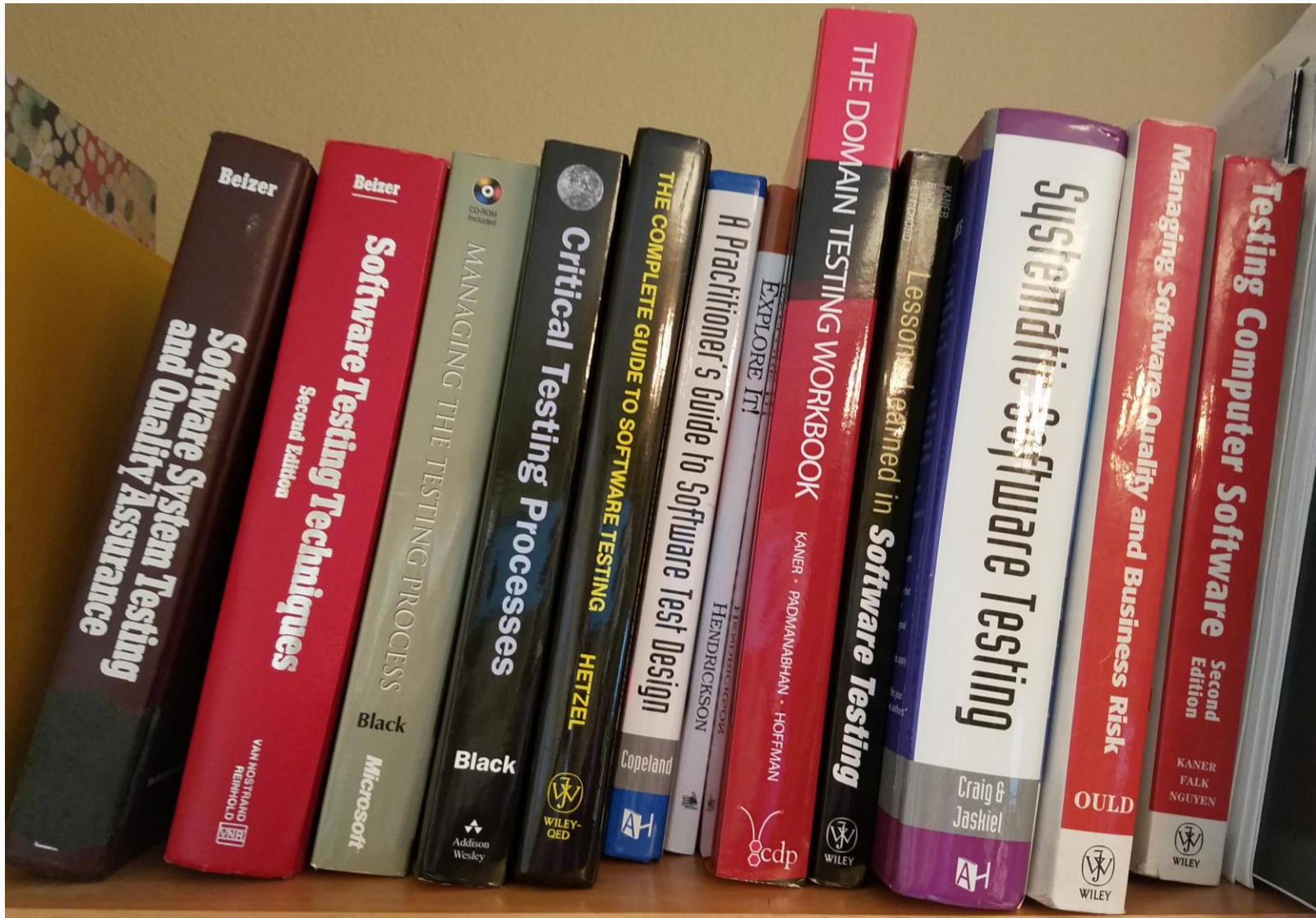




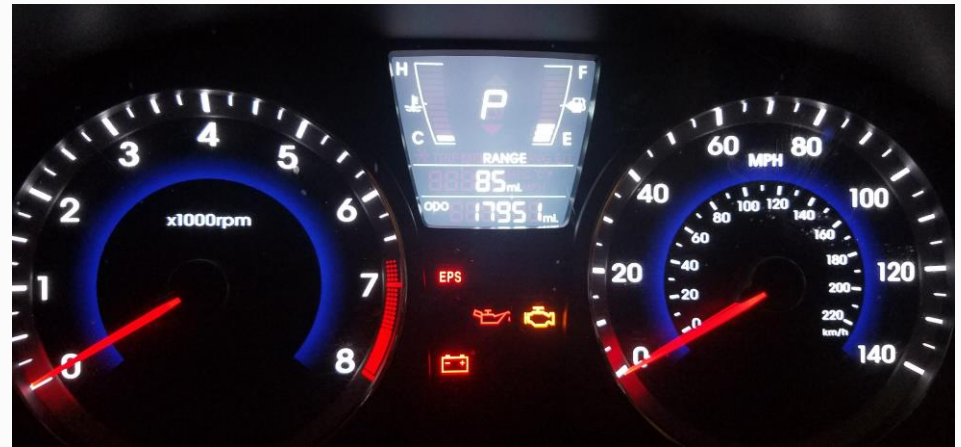
Building In Quality

Ten Years Later

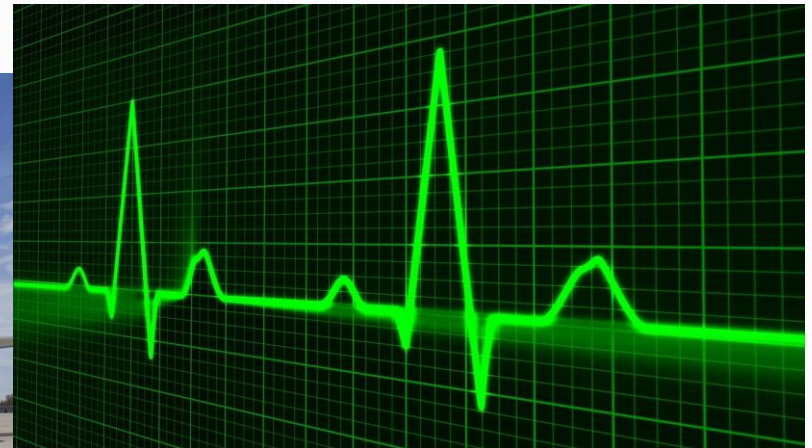




Some software just has to work



By Lothar Neumann, Gernsbach [1] - Kalsruhe Bild / Salippsburg2.jpg,
CC BY-SA 2.5, <https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=10060036>



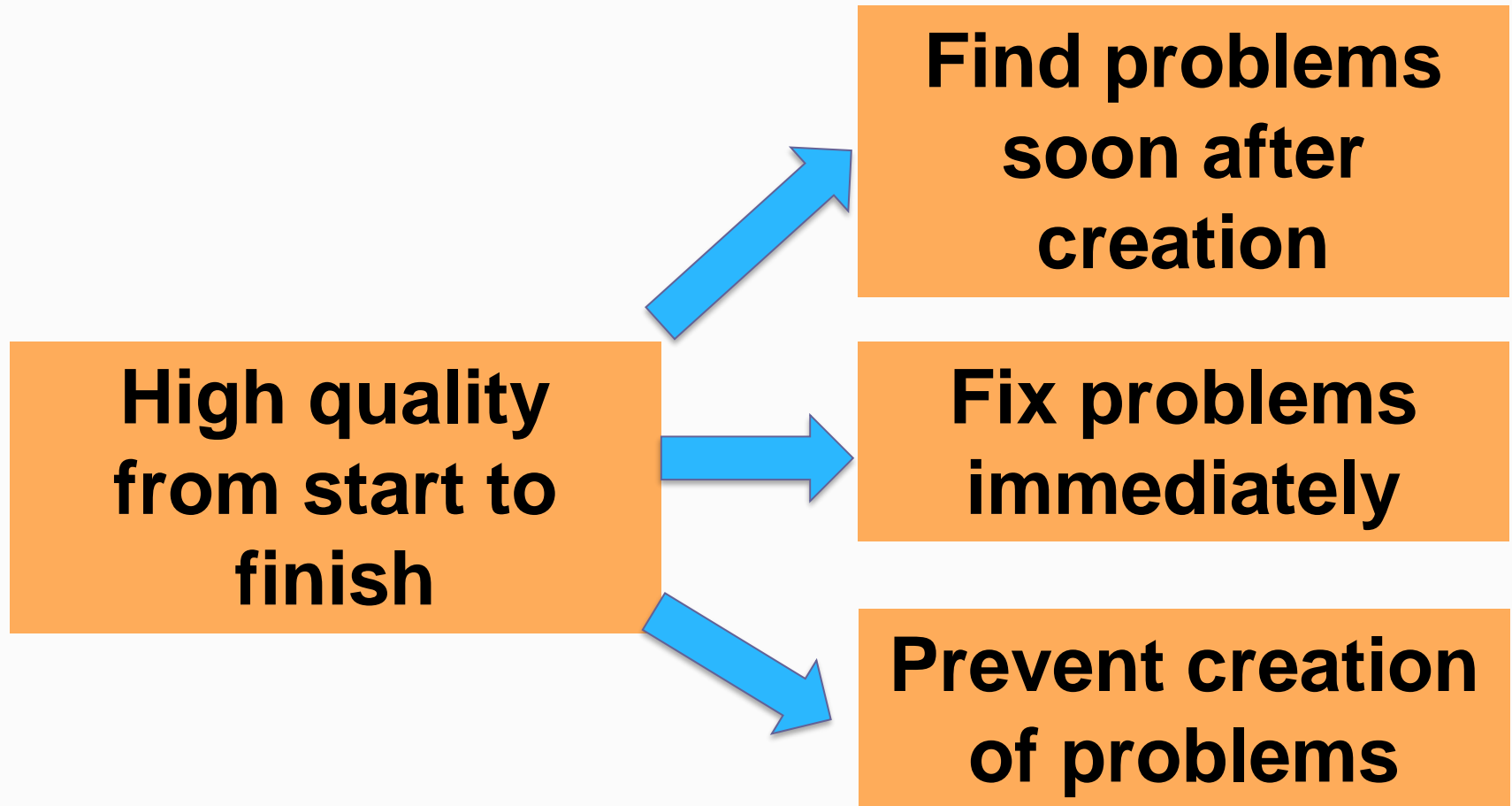
NASA photo

Who Owns Quality?

Fundamental beliefs in high-reliability fields:

- Developers are responsible for quality.
- Top management is responsible for quality (ISO 9000)
- Test group is not responsible for creating quality, simply for assessing it.

Quality Strategies in High-Reliability Software



How Defects Are Created

Business req'ts
(customer wants)

- omit things the customer wants
- assume customer is able to tell you what they want

Specifications
(features)

- neglect some requirements
- ambiguous or unclear specifications

Design

- make logical design errors
- don't define precisely enough
- don't cover stated requirements
- don't cover *unstated* requirements
- ignore environment behavior

Coding

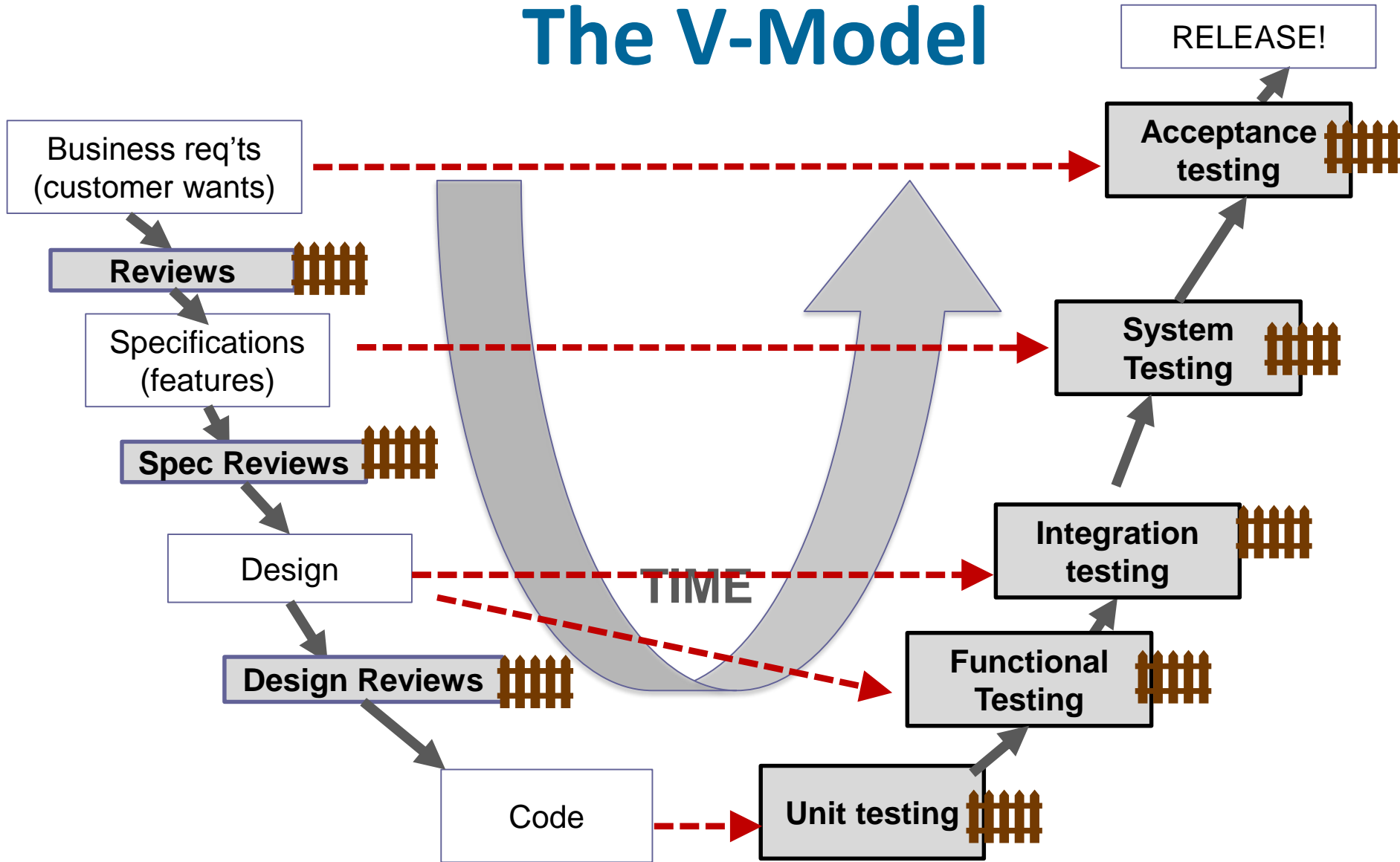
- make logical coding errors
- misinterpret design
- leave out part of design

Integration

- use the wrong files
- errors in config files



The V-Model



Quality Gate is a Set of Exit Criteria

Typical quality gate in medical products during 1990s:

- Complies with coding standards
- Compiles with no flags level 3 or above.
- Cyclomatic complexity at or below 20
- Modules with complexity above 10 have been peer-reviewed
- Unit testing completed with 100% path coverage
- Passes all unit tests
- Integration test scripts written

A High-Reliability Definition of Done

Checklist for Technical Completeness for User Stories (Herman 2016)

Design:

- Design covers everything in the user story and acceptance criteria.
- Design reviewed by area experts and feedback is incorporated.
- User story has a link to the design.

Code:

- Code implements the design.
- Unit tests cover the design (includes use cases, API contracts).
- Code compiles and runs, on the build server, without errors, warnings, or unit test failures.
- Code and unit tests have been peer reviewed and adjustments made per comments.
- No new defects.

Acceptance Testing

- Acceptance tests in a form listed below have been written and entered into project management system
 - May include manual, automated, and unit or integration tests
 - Verification Procedure and/or SMART for high risk stories, SMART for stories with medium risk
- Acceptance tests have been reviewed by a developer and feedback has been incorporated.
- Acceptance tests pass on a branch or main build; unresolved issues found on main build have been logged into defect tracking system.
- Executed results have been attached to project management system.

Defect Fixing:

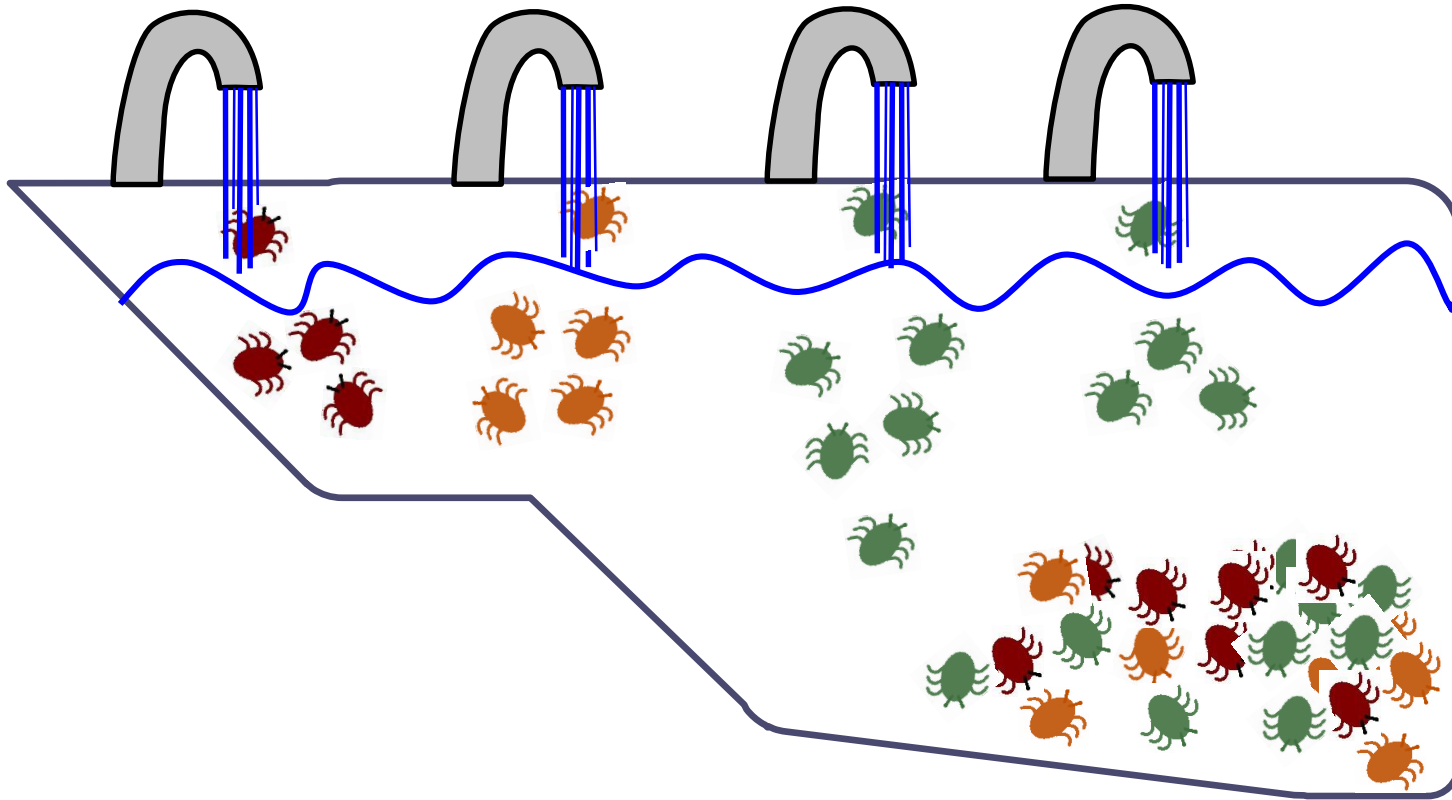
- Minimal steps to reproduce are documented in the defect description.
- Root cause analysis is documented in the defect description.
- Fix approach is documented in the defect description.

Requirements

Design

Coding

Integration

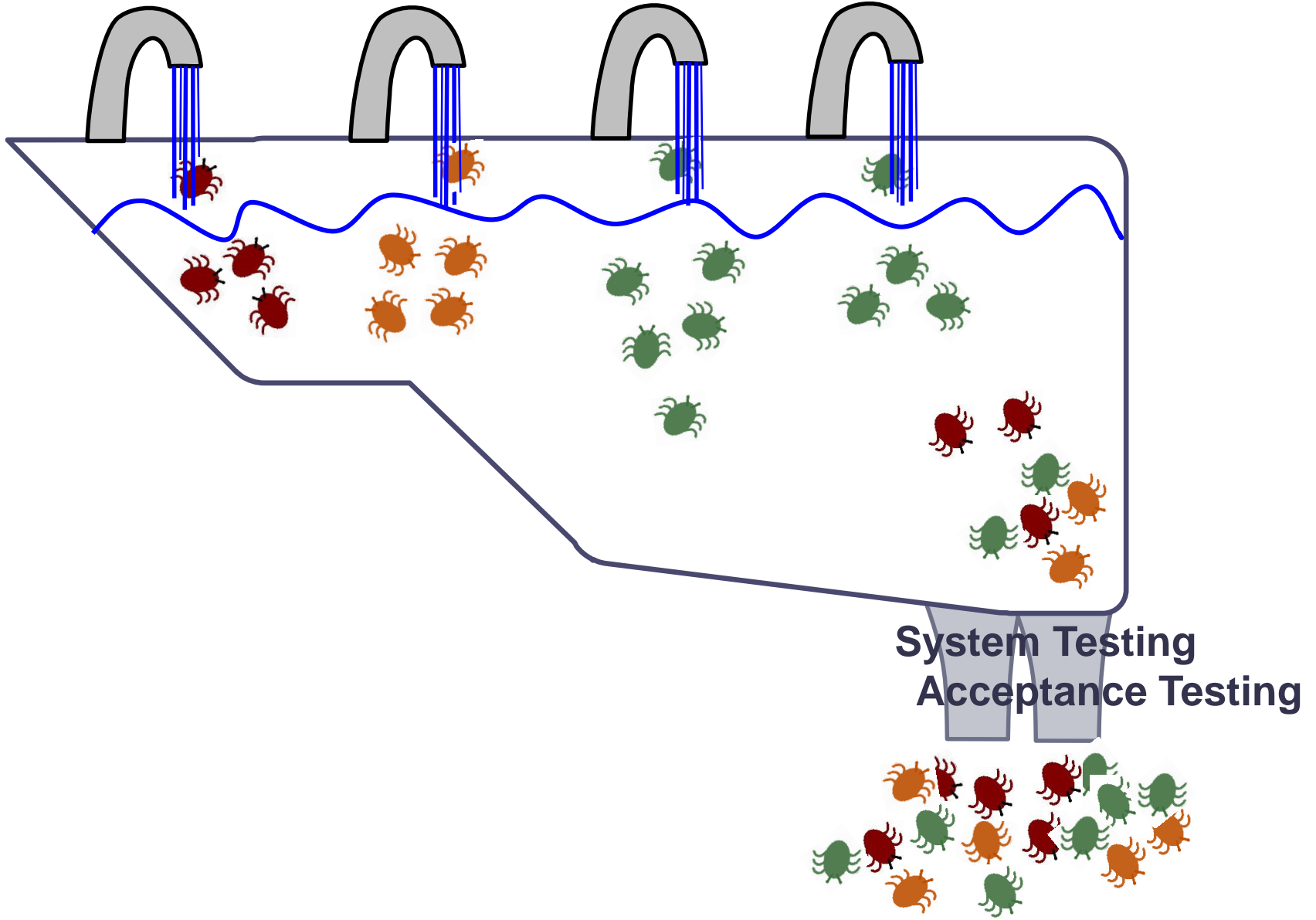


Requirements

Design

Coding

Integration

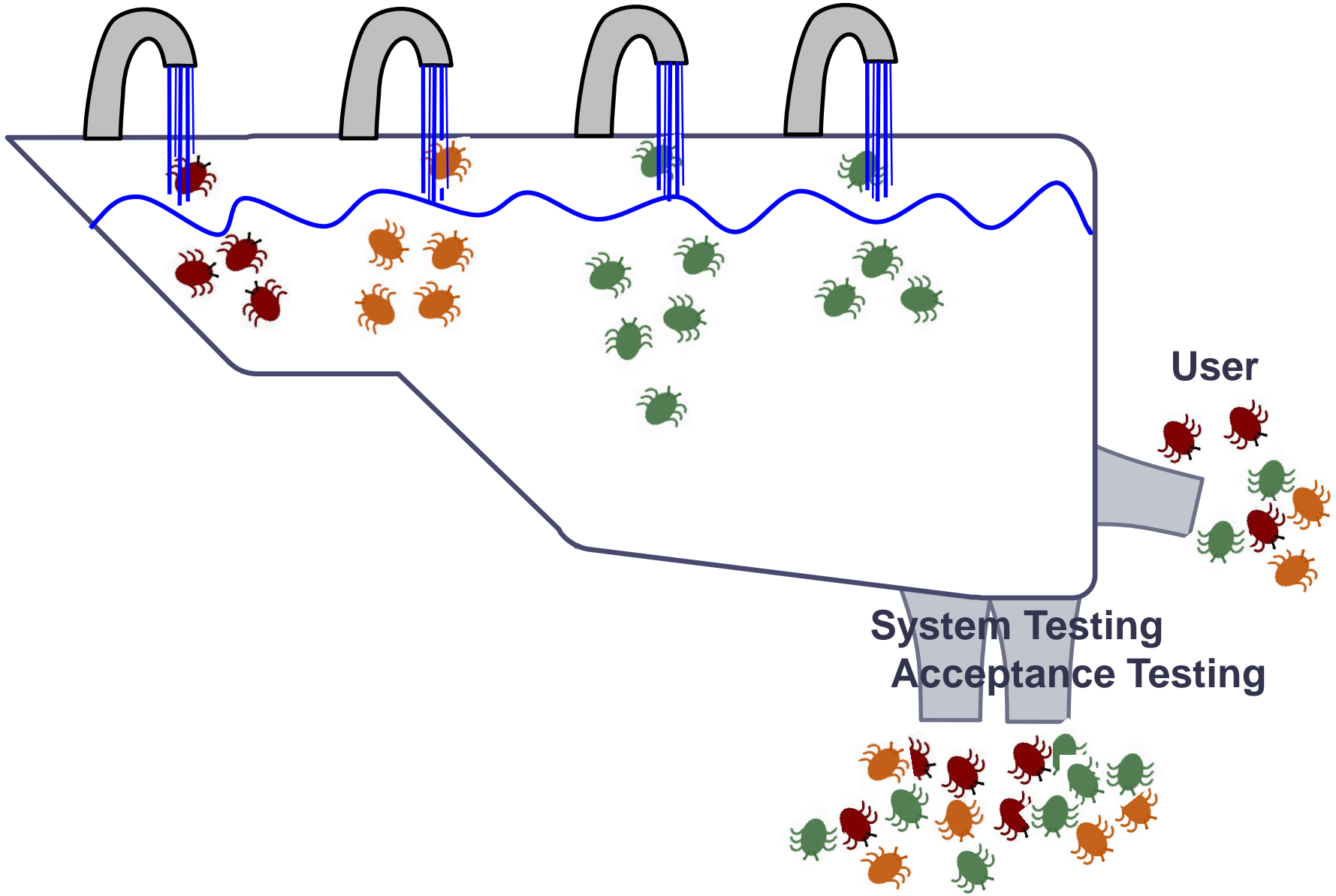


Requirements

Design

Coding

Integration



User

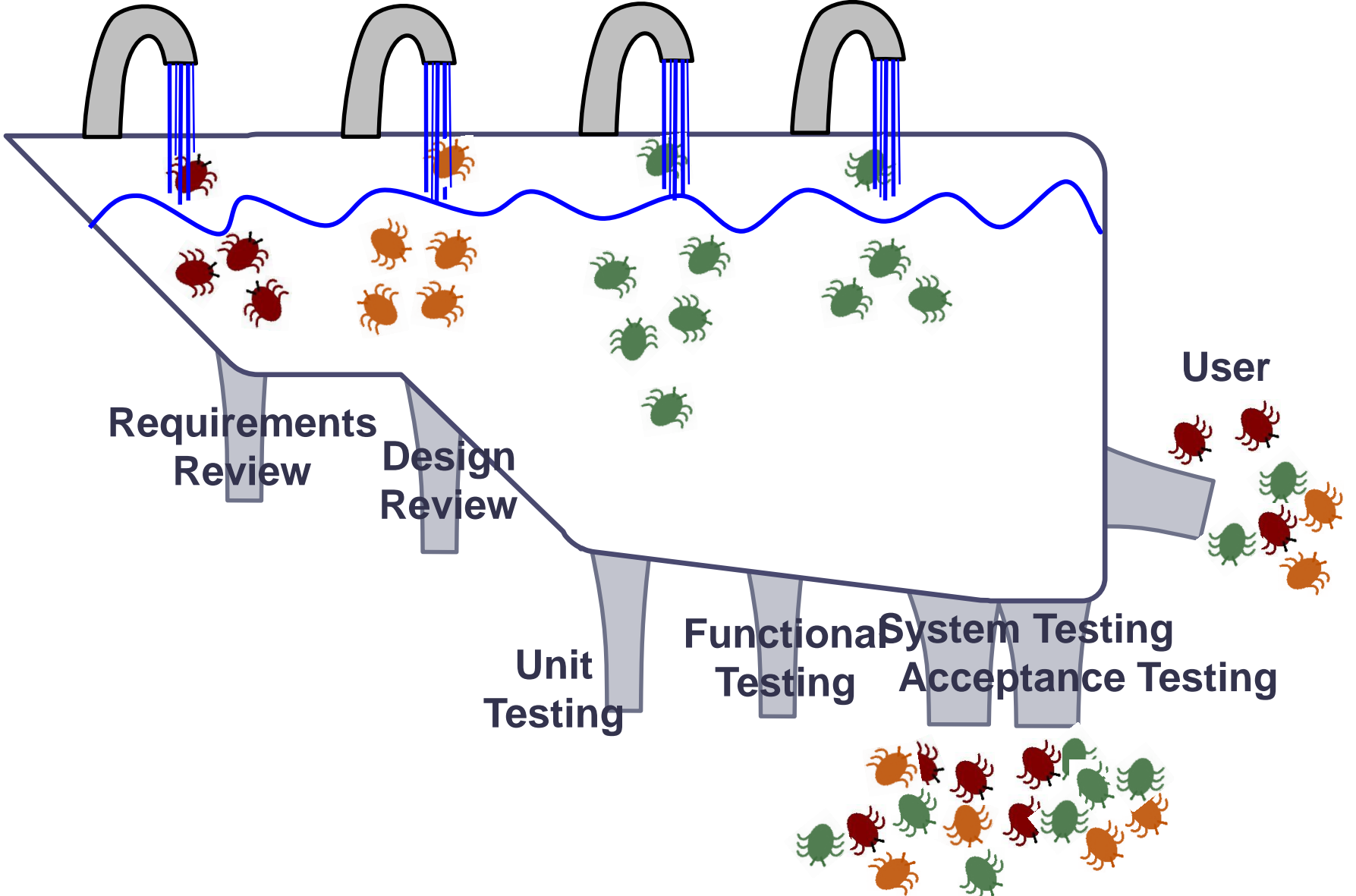
System Testing
Acceptance Testing

Requirements

Design

Coding

Integration

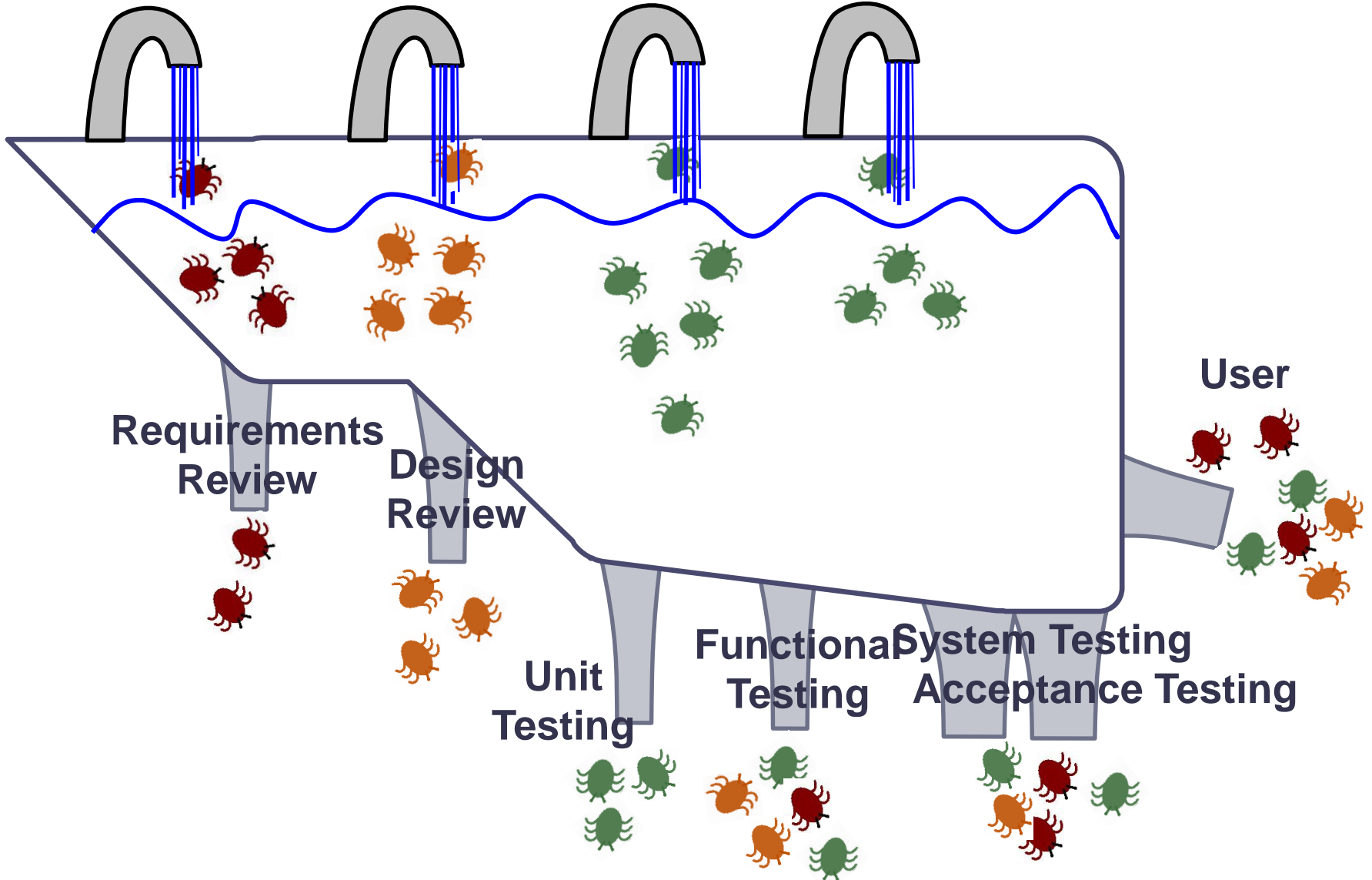


Requirements

Design

Coding

Integration

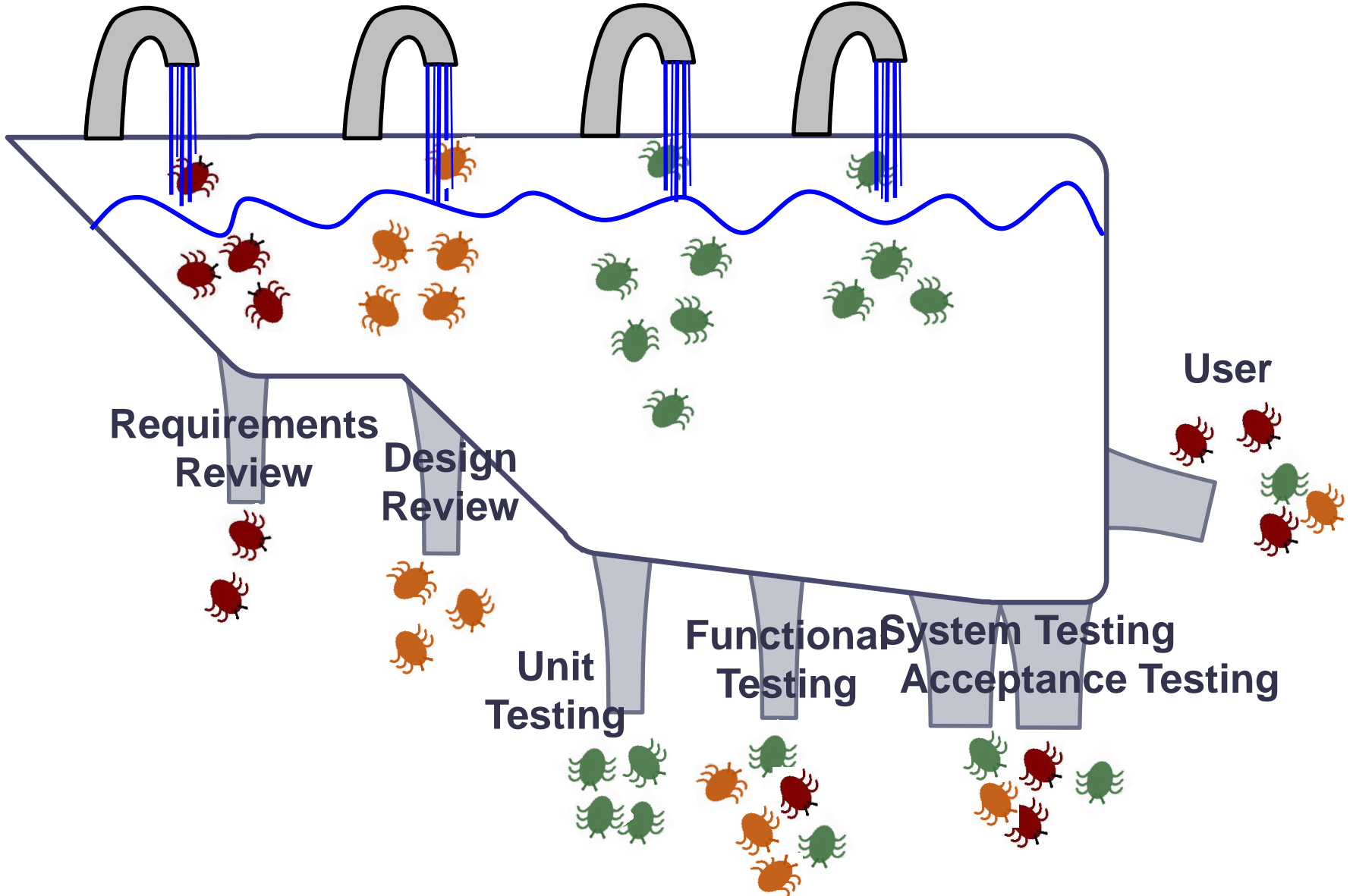


Requirements

Design

Coding

Integration



Requirements Review

Design Review

Unit Testing

Functional Testing

System Testing

Acceptance Testing

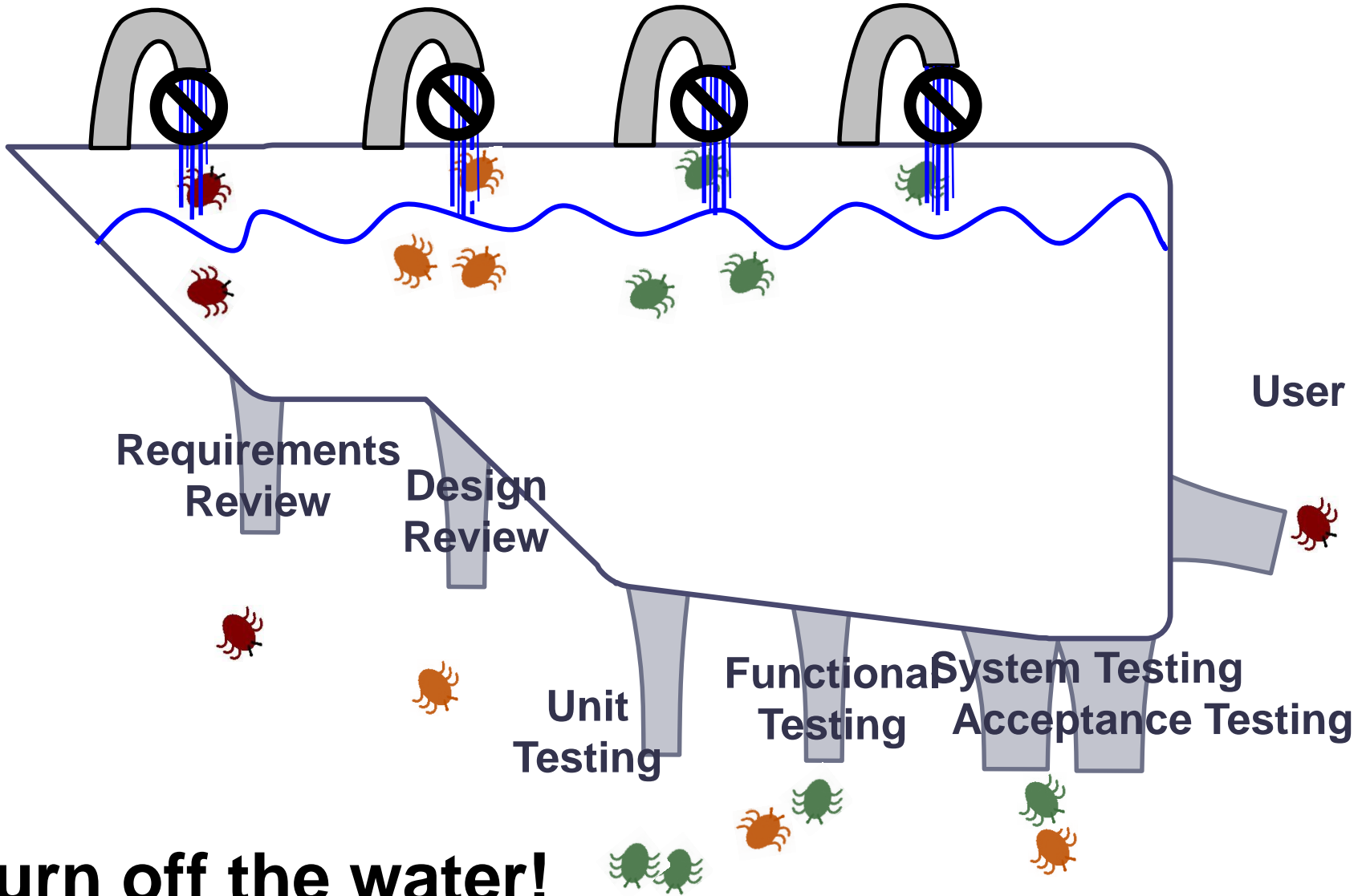
User

Requirements

Design

Coding

Integration



Turn off the water!

Strategies for Preventing Defects

- 1) Make the structure & logic visible
- 2) Mistake-proof with tools
- 3) Maintain intellectual control
- 4) Know your domain
- 5) Design away the opportunity for error

Make the Logic Visible

```
106     END
```

```
105     WRITE(*,*) 'x is positive but x < y'
```

```
104     GOTO 105
```

```
103     WRITE(*,*) 'x is positive and x >= y'
```

```
102     IF (X .LT. Y) GOTO 105
```

```
101     IF (X .LT. 0) GOTO 106
```

Better Visibility

101	IF (x .LT. 0) GOTO 106
102	IF (x .LT. y) GOTO 105
103	WRITE(*,*) 'x is positive and x >= y'
104	GOTO 106
105	WRITE(*,*) 'x is positive but x < y'
106	END

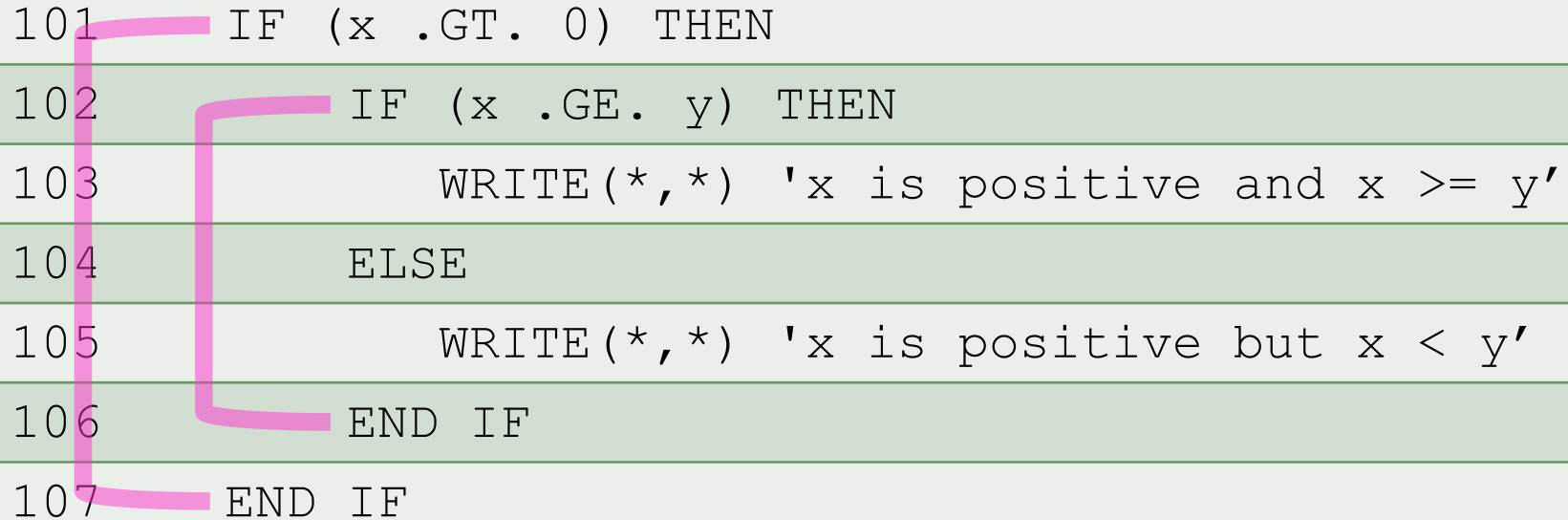
```
graph TD; 101[101 IF (x .LT. 0) GOTO 106] --> 106[106 END]; 102[102 IF (x .LT. y) GOTO 105] --> 105[105 WRITE(*,*) 'x is positive but x < y']; 103[103 WRITE(*,*) 'x is positive and x >= y'] --> 106; 104[104 GOTO 106] --> 106;
```

Mistake-Proof with Tools

```
101     IF (x .GT. 0) THEN
102     IF (x .GE. y) THEN
103     WRITE(*,*) 'x is positive and x >= y'
104     ELSE
105     WRITE(*,*) 'x is positive but x < y'
106     END IF
107     END IF
```

More Visibility

```
101 IF (x .GT. 0) THEN
102     IF (x .GE. y) THEN
103         WRITE(*,*) 'x is positive and x >= y'
104     ELSE
105         WRITE(*,*) 'x is positive but x < y'
106     END IF
107 END IF
```



Today's Tools Rock!

```
links.html x
<body> <div.WordSection1> <table.MsoNormalTable> <tr> <td> <h2> <span.auto-style17>
365     color: #215968;
366 }
367 .auto-style19 {
368     color: #000000;
369 }
370 -->
371 </style>
372
373 <meta content=document name=resource-type>
374 <meta content="software testing, software quality" name=keywords>
375 </head>
376
377 <body lang=EN-US link=blue vlink=purple>
378
379 <div class=WordSection1>
380
381 <table class=MsoNormalTable border=0 cellpadding=0 width="95%"
382 style='width:95.0%'>
383 <tr>
384 <td width=150 rowspan=2 valign=top style='width:112.5pt;background:#DAEEF3;
385 padding:.75pt .75pt .75pt .75pt'>
386 <div align=center>
387 <table class=MsoNormalTable border=0 cellpadding=0 width=135
388 style='width:101.25pt'>
389 <tr>
390 <td width=131 style='width:98.25pt;padding:1.5pt 1.5pt 1.5pt 1.5pt'></td>
391 </tr>
392 <tr>
```

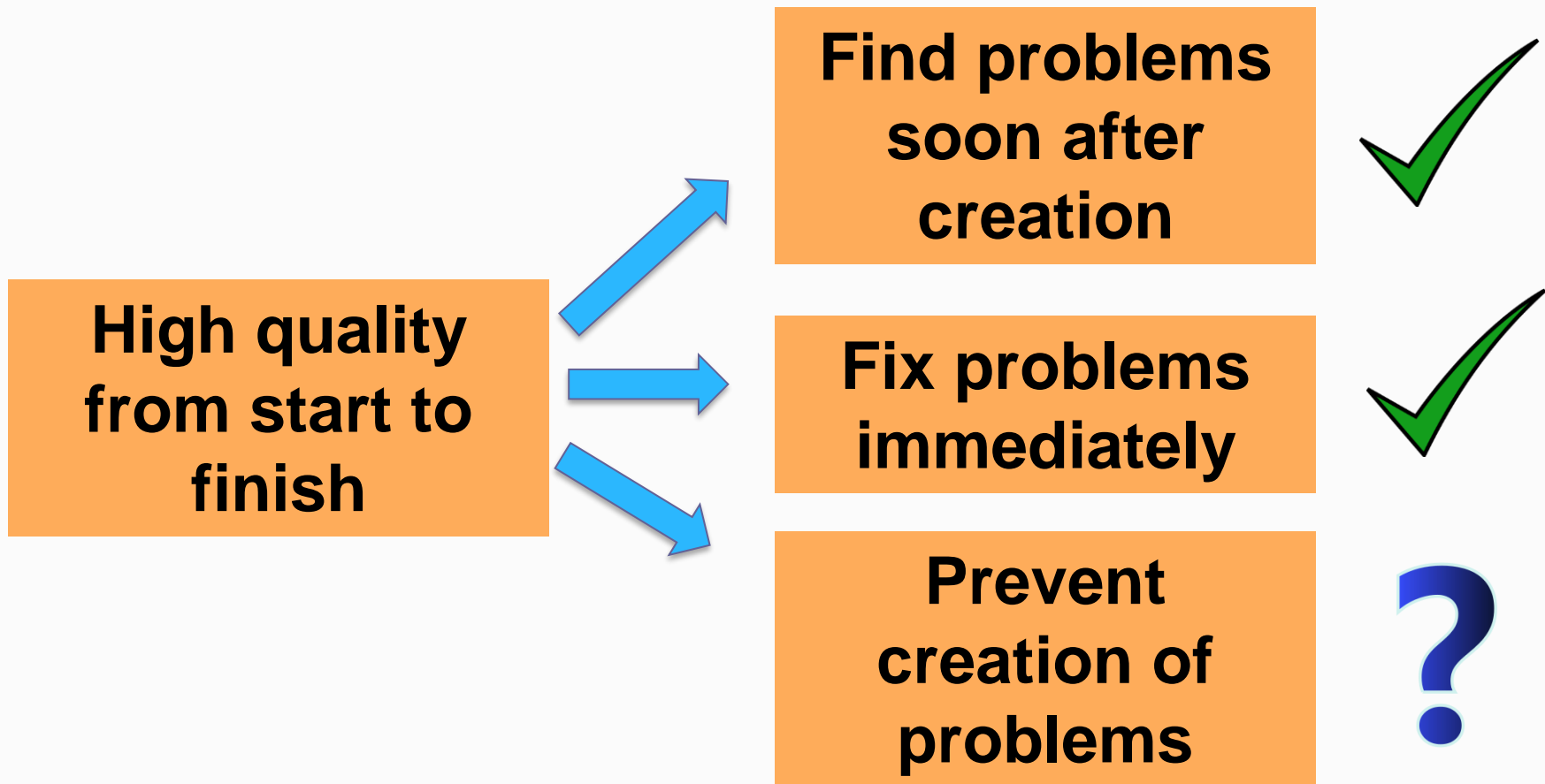
Maintain Intellectual Control

No more than seven things at once!

Abstractions
which simplify:

- Classes and objects
- Design notation – UML, DFDs
- Design patterns

Test Driven Development



Know Your Domain

Coworkers

Classes

Books

Webinars

Conferences

Design Away Opportunity for Error

User interface field must be long enough for longest value in corresponding database field.

- A) Code UI field length to match database field length and write test for longest possible value.
- B) Test tool runs through UI code, checking UI field lengths against database field lengths.
- C) User interface reads field length from database and creates UI field to match.

Credit: James Shore, *Art of Agile Development*, “No Bugs”

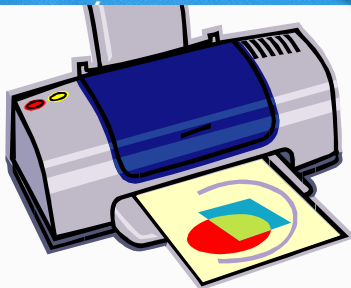
Design Away Opportunity for Error

11

Set up faxing and take Product Tour



Make sure your PC is on.
Follow the onscreen instructions to enter your name, phone number, and other important settings. See the reference guide for more details.
Take the Product Tour to learn about your new HP OfficeJet.

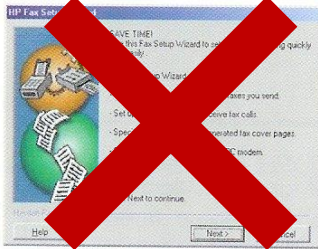


Defect: They don't match

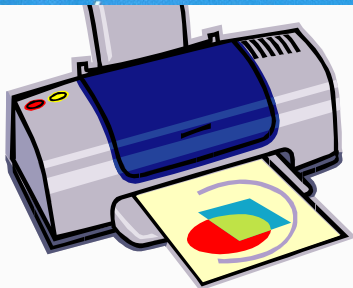
Design Away Opportunity for Error

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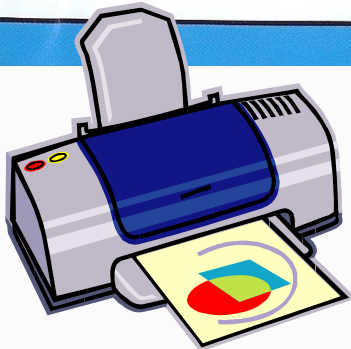
Design Away Opportunity for Error

11

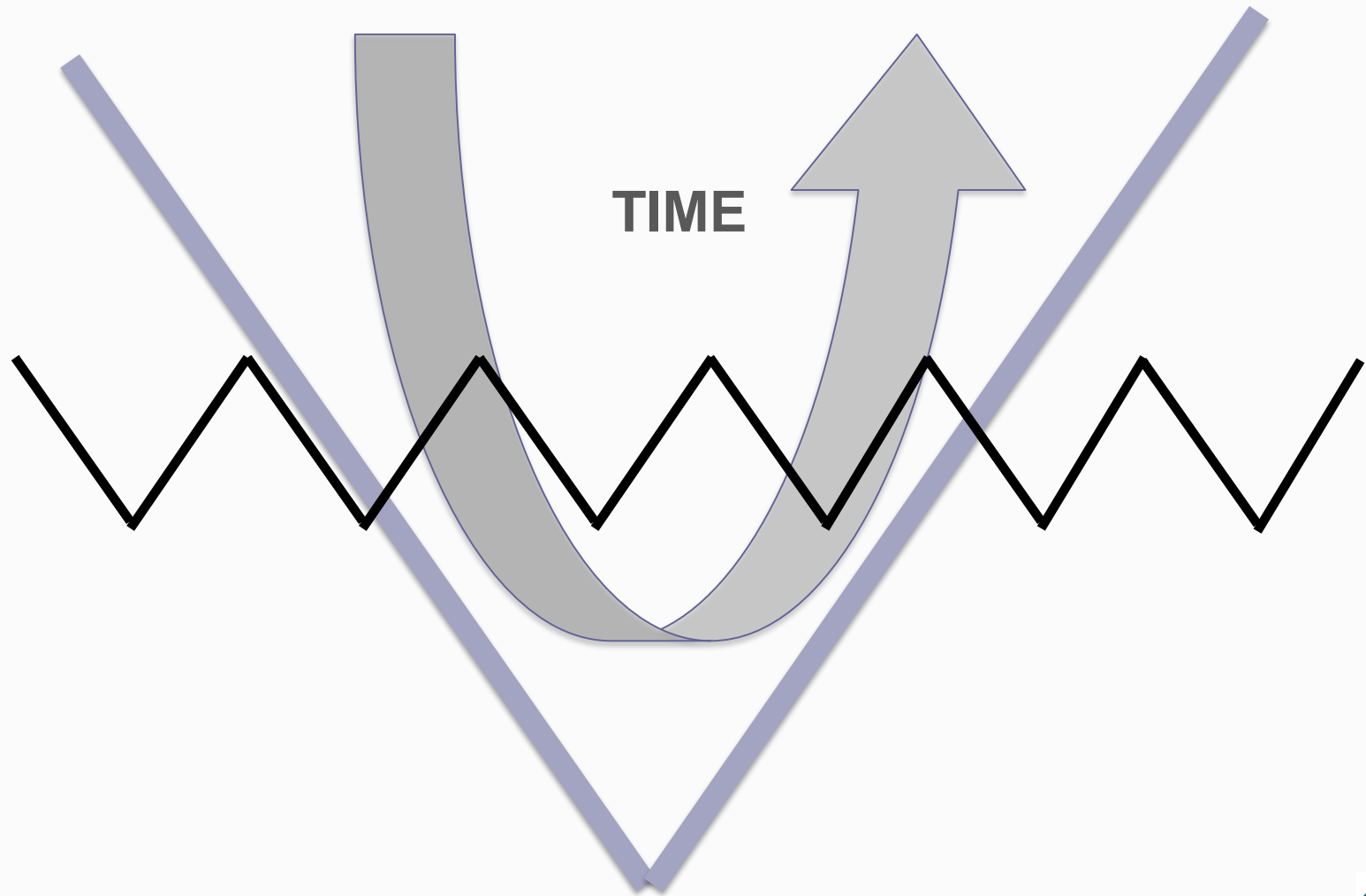
Set up faxing and take Product Tour



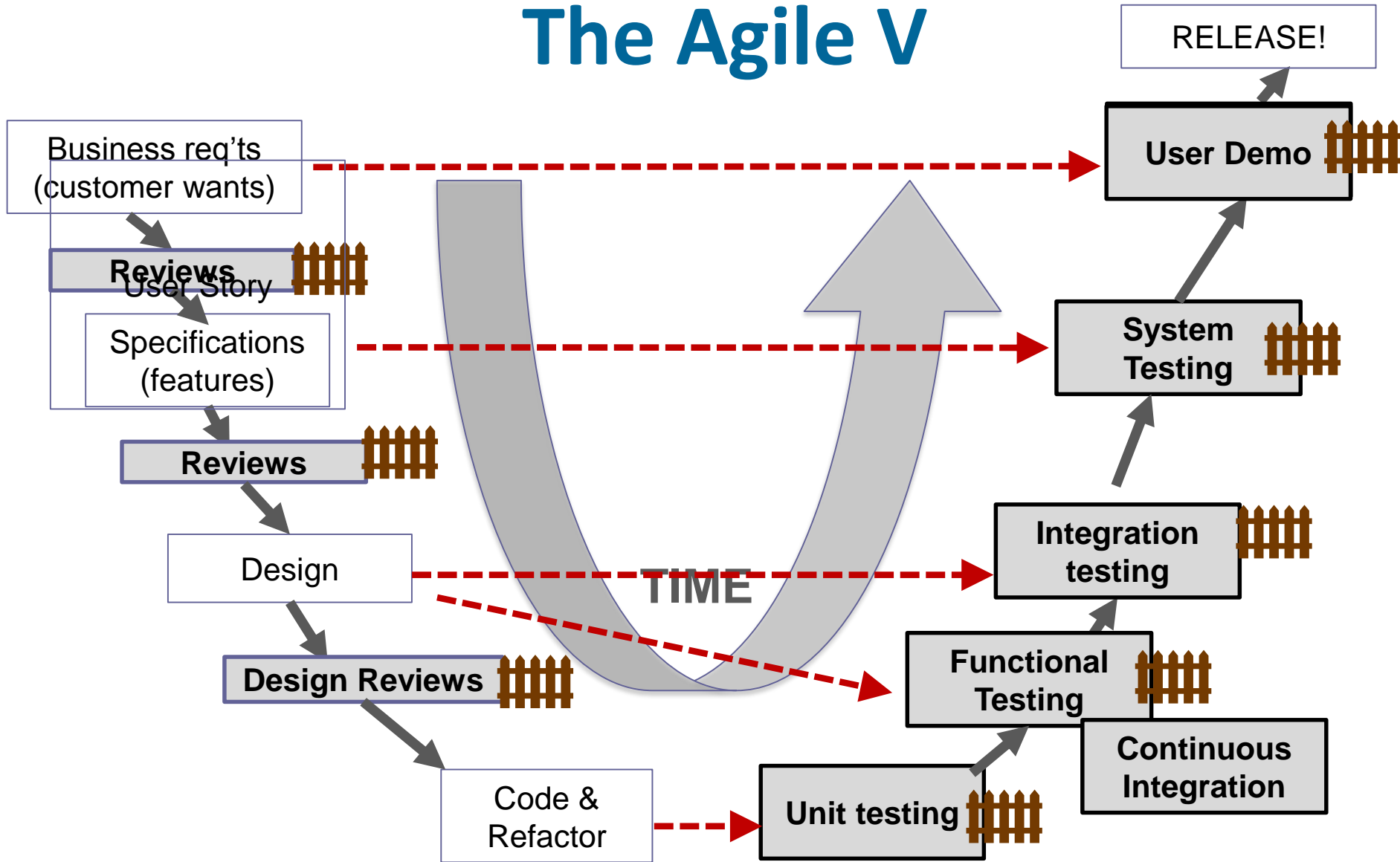
Make sure your PC is on.
Follow on-screen instructions.



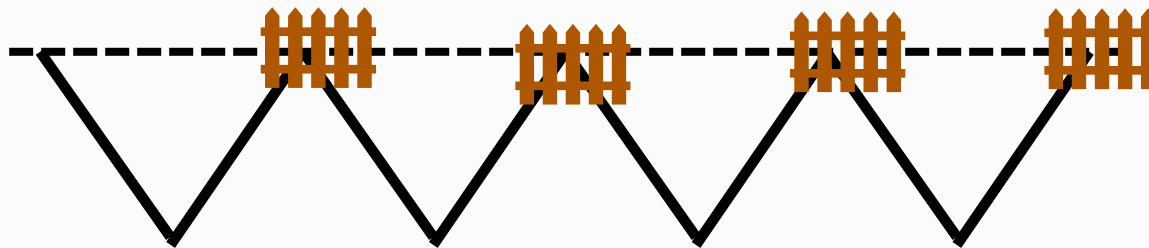
The Agile V



The Agile V

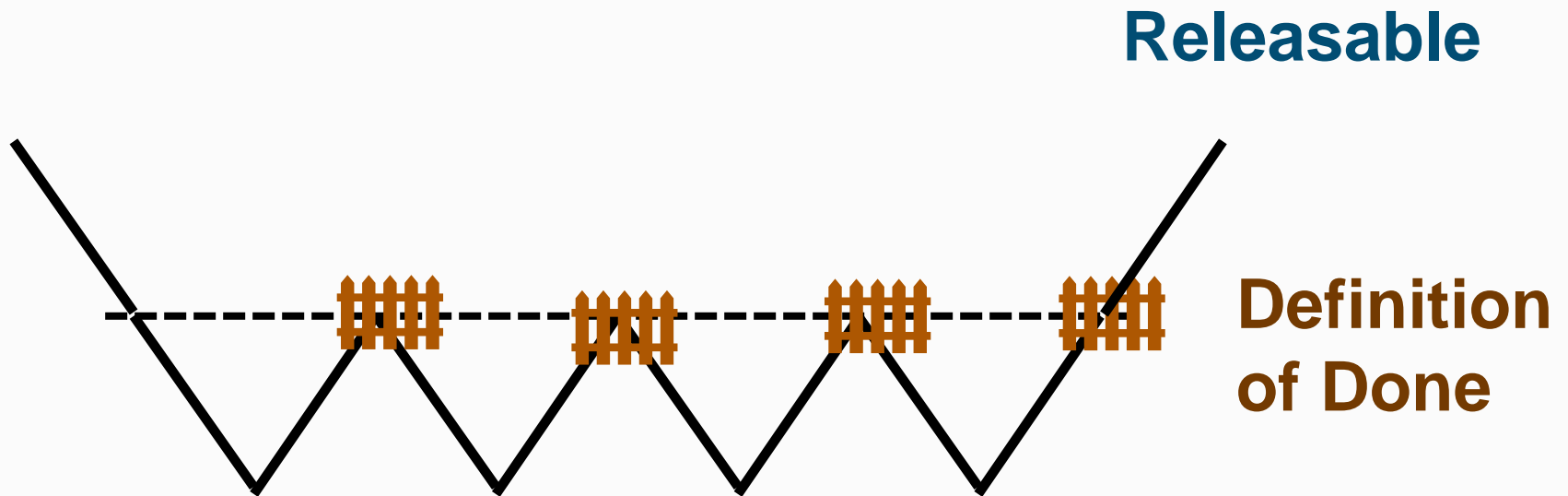


Agile Quality Gates

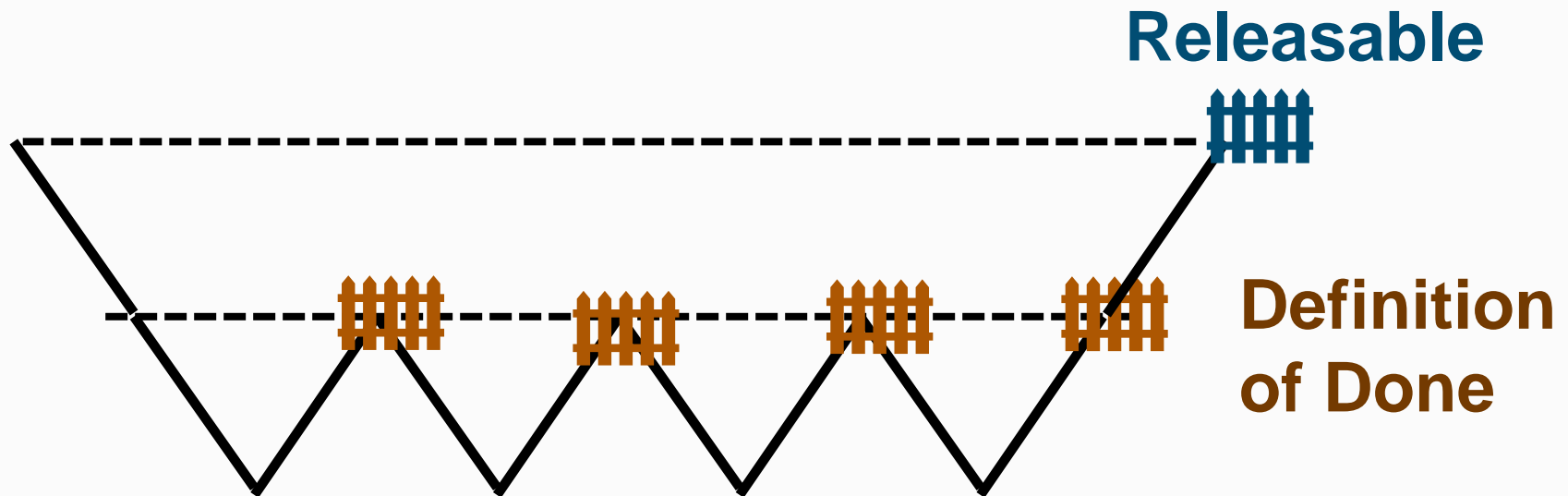


**Definition
of Done**

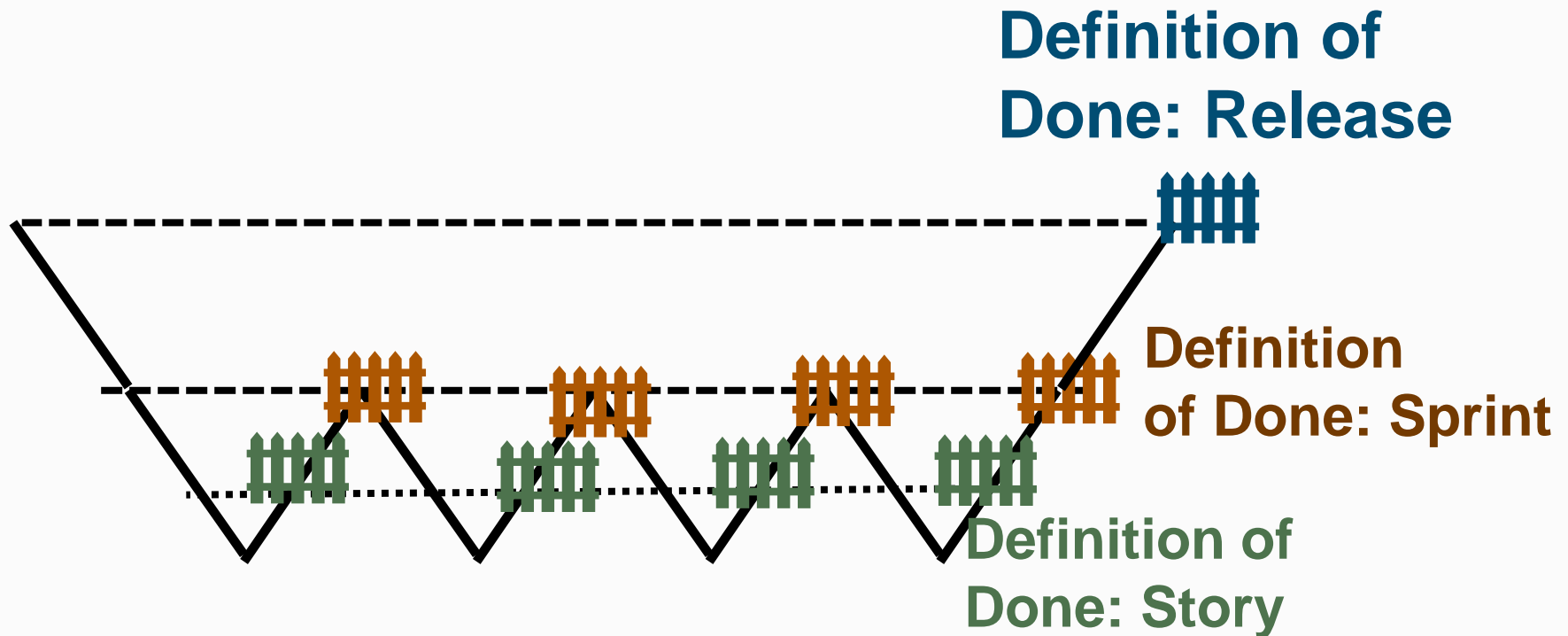
Agile Quality Gates



Agile Quality Gates



Agile Quality Gates



How Agile Affects Software Quality

The Good

- Fast feedback
- Focus on user and customer
- TDD
- ATDD
- Design patterns
- Pair programming
- Continuous integration

The Problematic

- Demolishing too many quality gates
- Ignoring non-functional requirements
- Expecting user demos to find design problems

Building In Quality – Then and Now

- Quality is built in during development
 - Find problems early and fix right away
 - An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure
- Some prevention strategies
 - Make the structure & logic visible
 - Mistake-proof with tools
 - Maintain intellectual control
 - Know your domain
 - Design away the opportunity for error
- There's more in my paper: see PNSQC proceedings or www.kiberle.com



Q & A